## 20-FÄLSCHUNGSERSCHWERENDE SCHRIFT

## B17-Z 847

## 20-FÄLSCHUNGSERSCHWERENDE SCHRIFT

Following a spike in automobile thefts through the early 1970s—many of which involved tampering with stolen tag numbers to elude police detection—the German government commissioned a new license plate typeface. It was December 1977, and Germany was still raw from a recent rash of hyackings, murders and suicides associated with the Red Army Faction. [...]

Born awkwardly between eras — drawn by hand in order to be better read by machines — the falschungserschwerende Schrift font bears the marks of both 19th-century guild-enshrined handcraft and 20th-century anonymous automation. And like any technology, if ts bound by the political determinants of its design: while ifs original "tamper-proof" premise may have proved a MacGuffin, these weird-looking letters are an early product of our contemporary surveillance state. What reads to us as a clumsy lack of formal continuity ts exactly what makes it legible fo a computer. It is an alphabet whose defining characteristic is precisely that it has no defining characteristic, other than

having no defining characteristic.

- "Falschungserschwerende Schrift," Benjamin Tiven, Bulletins of The Serving Library #3, 2012

> Germancar licenseplate, Fälschungserschwerende schrift, c. 1980,  $11.3 \times 46 \text{ cm}$